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ECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION	1	
Product name	: Pennzoil GT Performance Racir	ng 25W-50
Product code	: 001B1136	
Manufacturer or supplie	r's details	
Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US P.O. Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA	
SDS Request Customer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285	
Emergency telephone n	umber	
	: 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400	
	e chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Engine oil.	

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS Label element

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

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Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature	: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	* contains and an many of the following OAC much and CA740

* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9.

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Polyolefin amide alkenea- mine borate	Borated succinimide	Not Assigned	1 - 3
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14- alkyl esters, zinc salts	68649-42-3	1 - 2.4
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate		68610-84-4	0.1 - 0.9

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

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Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ens appropriate personal protective e incident, injury and surroundings.	quipment according to the
Immediate medical attention, special treatment	: Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dio- xide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing me- thods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

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Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of pe see Chapter 8 of this Safety Da For guidance on disposal of spil this Safety Data Sheet.	ta Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Precautions for safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal-	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH
	_	able frac-	-	Threshold
		tion))		Limit Values
		(Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA_TRA

Components with workplace control parameters

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NS NS

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precau-
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	tions should be taken to avoid b If engineering controls do not m tions to a level which is adequat select respiratory protection equ cific conditions of use and meet Check with respiratory protectiv Where air-filtering respirators ar priate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for the co and vapours [Type A/Type P bo	aintain airborne concentra- te to protect worker health, uipment suitable for the spe- ing relevant legislation. e equipment suppliers. re suitable, select an appro- filter. mbination of organic gases
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the pro- gloves approved to relevant stat US: F739) made from the follow suitable chemical protection. PV gloves Suitability and durability usage, e.g. frequency and durat sistance of glove material, dexte glove suppliers. Contaminated g Personal hygiene is a key eleme Gloves must only be worn on cle gloves, hands should be washe cation of a non-perfumed moiste For continuous contact we reco through time of more than 240 r 480 minutes where suitable glove short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves o may not be available and in this time maybe acceptable so long and replacement regimes are for a good predictor of glove resistat dependent on the exact compose Glove thickness should be typic depending on the glove make a	ndards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ing materials may provide /C, neoprene or nitrile rubber of a glove is dependent on tion of contact, chemical re- erity. Always seek advice from gloves should be replaced. ent of effective hand care. ean hands. After using d and dried thoroughly. Appli- urizer is recommended. mmend gloves with break- ninutes with preference for > ves can be identified. For recommend the same, but ffering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough as appropriate maintenance ollowed. Glove thickness is not ance to a chemical as it is sition of the glove material. ally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that i protective eyewear is recommen	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily work clothes. It is good practice to wear chem	
Protective measures	: Personal protective equipment (mended national standards. Ch	
Environmental exposure c	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to five vant environmental protection less of the environment by following necessary, prevent undissolved charged to waste water. Waste municipal or industrial waste water. Local guidelines on emission line	egislation. Avoid contamination advice given in Chapter 6. If material from being dis- water should be treated in a tter treatment plant before

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	must be observed for the discha vapour.	rge of exhaust air containing
CTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHE	EMICAL PROPERTIES	
Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: amber	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
pour point	: -27 °C / -17 °FMethod: ASTM D	97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated valu	ue(s)
Flash point	: 234 °C / 453 °F Method: ASTM D92	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.891 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 891 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D4052	
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information	on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	

Viscosity

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Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 198 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
	19.1 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to b	e a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Components:

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

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Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxic- ity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

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aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Expected to be practica LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	ally non toxic:
Toxicity to algae (Acute toxic- ity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practica LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	ally non toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxic- ity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to bacteria (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Persistence and degradabili	ty		
Product:			
Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Expected to be not rea Major constituents are expected to ble, but contains components that ment.	to be inherently biodegrad
Bioaccumulative potential			
Product:			
Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components cumulate.	with the potential to bioac
Mobility in soil			
Product:			
Mobility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most envi If it enters soil, it will adsorb to so mobile.	
		Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects no data available			
Product:			
Additional ecological informa- tion	:	Product is a mixture of non-volati expected to be released to air in Not expected to have ozone depl cal ozone creation potential or glo	any significant quantities. letion potential, photocher
		Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aq	uatic organisms.
		Mineral oil is not expected to cau aquatic organisms at concentration	

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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods Waste from residues	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or
	ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulation

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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OSHA Hazards : No OSHA Hazards

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	: No SARA Hazards	
SARA 302	: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.	
SARA 313	: The following components are subject to reporting levels entablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:	S-
	Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate 68649-42-3 1.866 %	>

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Residual Oils (Petroleum) Solvent Dewaxed	64742-62-7
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	64742-65-0
heavy paraffinic	

New Jersey Right To Know

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate 68649-42-3

California Prop 65	This product does not contain any chemicals known to State
	of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other re- productive harm.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:			
EINECS	: All components listed or polymer exempt.		
TSCA	: All components listed.		
DSL	: All components listed.		

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu-

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	ment can be looked up in refe	erence literature (e.g. scientific
	dictionaries) and/or websites	
		nce of Governmental Industrial
	Hygienists ADR = European Agreement	concerning the International
	Carriage of Dangerous Good	
	AICS = Australian Inventory of	of Chemical Substances
	ASTM = American Society fo	
	BEL = Biological exposure lin BTEX = Benzene, Toluene,	
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts S	ervice
	CEFIC = European Chemical	
	CLP = Classification Packagi COC = Cleveland Open-Cup	
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur I	
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effe	
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Le DSL = Canada Domestic Sub	
	EC = European Commission	
	EC50 = Effective Concentrati	
		r on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-
	gy Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals	s Agency
		entory of Existing Commercial
	Chemical Substances	
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty	/ Ind New Chemical Substances
	Inventory	and New Onemical Substances
	EWC = European Waste Coo	
	GHS = Globally Harmonised Labelling of Chemicals	System of Classification and
	IARC = International Agency	for Research on Cancer
	IATA = International Air Trans	sport Association
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration	on fifty
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritim	e Dangerous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inv	
		m test method N° 346 for the
	determination of polycyclic ar KECI = Korea Existing Chem	
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration	
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per	
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Eft LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty	fective Loading/Inhibitory loading
	MARPOL = International Cor	vention for the Prevention of
	Pollution From Ships	
		Effect Concentration / No Ob-
	served Effect Level OE HPV = Occupational Exc	oosure - High Production Volume
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumu	ulative and Toxic
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory	of Chemicals and Chemical
	Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect	Concentration
	REACH = Registration Evalu	
	Chemicals	

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	RID = Regulations Relating to In gerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure lim TRA = Targeted Risk Assessme TSCA = US Toxic Substances C TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very	it nt Control Act
Revision Date	: 09/03/2015	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.