Shell Tellus S2 MX 68

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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Produ	uct name	: Shell Tellus S2	MX 68
Produ	uct code	: 001F8440	
Manu	ufacturer or supplier	's details	
Manu	ufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Prod PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77 USA	
	Request omer Service	:(+1)877-276-7 :	285
Eme	rgency telephone nu	mber	
Spill		: 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400	
Reco	ommended use of the	e chemical and restric	tions on use
Reco	mmended use	: Hydraulic oil	
SECTION	2. HAZARDS IDENT	IFICATION	

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms :	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	Prevention: No precautionary phrases.
	Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases.
	Disposal:

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No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

•

Chemical nature

Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil		Not Assigned	0 - 90
(<20,5 cSt @40°C) *			

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled :	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact :	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

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	If swall	owed	:		tment is necessary unless large quantities owever, get medical advice.
	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.	
	Protection of first-aiders		:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
	medica	on of any immediate I attention and special ent needed	:	Treat symptomation	cally.
				vention and possi age and loss of fu Because entry wo ousness of the un determine the ext anaesthetics or ho can contribute to surgical decompre eign material shou	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- bly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- inction. bunds are small and do not reflect the seri- iderlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local ot soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- loration is essential.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

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relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of

this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Further information on stor-	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated

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age stability			place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.			
			Store at ambient	temperature.		
Packa	ging material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable mater			
Contai	iner Advice	:		tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.		

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able fraction)	-	

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is

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		greater potential	for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		controls.	s for safe handling and maintenance of
			n workers in the hazards and control nt to normal activities associated with this
		Ensure appropria equipment used t equipment, local	te selection, testing and maintenance of o control exposure, e.g. personal protective exhaust ventilation. m prior to equipment break-in or mainte-
		nance. Retain drain down subsequent recyc	ns in sealed storage pending disposal or sle.
		Always observe g washing hands at drinking, and/or s protective equipm	good personal hygiene measures, such as fter handling the material and before eating, moking. Routinely wash work clothing and nent to remove contaminants. Discard con- g and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Ре	rsonal protective equipme	ent	
Re	espiratory protection	conditions of use. In accordance wit tions should be ta If engineering cor tions to a level wh select respiratory cific conditions of Check with respir Where air-filtering priate combinatio Select a filter suit	th good industrial hygiene practices, precau- aken to avoid breathing of material. htrols do not maintain airborne concentra- nich is adequate to protect worker health, protection equipment suitable for the spe- use and meeting relevant legislation. ratory protective equipment suppliers. g respirators are suitable, select an appro- n of mask and filter. able for the combination of organic gases pe A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Ha	nd protection Remarks	gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemical gloves Suitability usage, e.g. freque sistance of glove glove suppliers. O Personal hygiene Gloves must only gloves, hands she cation of a non-per	act with the product may occur the use of to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, from the following materials may provide protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber and durability of a glove is dependent on ency and duration of contact, chemical re- material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. e is a key element of effective hand care. be worn on clean hands. After using puld be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- erfumed moisturizer is recommended. ontact we recommend gloves with break- nore than 240 minutes with preference for >

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			short-term/splash recognize that sui may not be availa time maybe accept and replacement a good predictor of dependent on the Glove thickness s	re suitable gloves can be identified. For protection we recommend the same, but table gloves offering this level of protection ble and in this case a lower breakthrough otable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is exact composition of the glove material. hould be typically greater than 0.35 mm glove make and model.	
Eye protection		:	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into ey protective eyewear is recommended.		
Skin and body protection		:	Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond stand work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.		
Protective measures		:	Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet rec mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers		
Therm	al hazards	:	Not applicable		

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	clear
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-24 °C / -11 °F Method: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 Shell Tellus S2 MX 68

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	Flash p	oint	:	230 °C / 446 °F Method: ISO 259	0			
	Evapor	ation rate		Data not availabl				
		ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e			
		explosion limit / upper bility limit		Typical 10 %(V)				
		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)				
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)			
				estimated value(s)			
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)			
	Relative	e density	:	0.860 (15 °C / 59	9 °F)			
	Density		:	860 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ISO 121				
	Solubilit Wate	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible				
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e			
	Partitior octanol/	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)			
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	=			
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not availabl	e			
	Viscosit Visc	y osity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e			
		osity, kinematic	:	68 mm2/s (40.0 °	°C / 104.0 °F)			
				Method: ASTM D	0445			
				8.9 mm2/s (100 °	°C / 212 °F)			
				Method: ASTM D				
				1000 mm2/s (0 °				
				\ 3	,			

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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			Method: ASTM [0445	
Exp	losive properties	:	Not classified		
Oxio	dizing properties	:	Data not availab	le	
Cor	ductivity	:	This material is r	not expected to be a static accumulator.	
SECTIO	SECTION 10. STABILITY AND RE		ΤΙVITY		
Rea	ctivity	:		s not pose any further reactivity hazards in listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
Che	mical stability	:	Stable.		
	Possibility of hazardous reac- tions		Reacts with strong oxidising agents.		
Cor	Conditions to avoid		Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.		
Inco	mpatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.		
	Hazardous decomposition products		No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.		

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and
	the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise,
	the data presented is representative of the product as a
	whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:	

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
— • • • • • •	

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

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Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Practically non toxic:

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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	city to daphnia and other tic invertebrates (Acute ity)	Remarl Practic	ally non to:	L50 > 100 mg/l kic: le data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxic icity)	Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)		ally non to:	L50 > 100 mg/l kic: le data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxic icity)	Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)		ks: Data no	ot available
aqua	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)		ks: Data no	ot available
	city to microorganisms te toxicity)	Remar	ks: Data no	ot available
Pers	Persistence and degradabili			
<u>Prod</u> Biode	luct: egradability	Major c	constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
Bioa	ccumulative potential			
<u>Prod</u> Bioad	luct: ccumulation	Remarl cumula		ns components with the potential to bioac-
Mobi	ility in soil			
<u>Prod</u> Mobi			ers soil, it v	under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
		Remar	ks: Floats o	on water.
Othe	er adverse effects			
<u>Prod</u> Addit matic	tional ecological infor-	ozone o Produc be rele	creation po t is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. Ire of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal

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		Causes	Poorly soluble mixture. Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- isms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.	
SECTI	ON 13. DISPOSAL CONSI	DERATIONS	6	
	sposal methods			
Waste from residues :		It is the toxicity determ ods in o	responsibi and physic ine the prop compliance dispose inte	e if possible. Ity of the waste generator to determine the al properties of the material generated to ber waste classification and disposal meth- with applicable regulations. To the environment, in drains or in water
		ground	water, or b	ould not be allowed to contaminate soil or e disposed of into the environment. ed product is dangerous waste.
Co	ontaminated packaging	to a rec the coll Dispos	cognized co ector or cor al should be	ance with prevailing regulations, preferably llector or contractor. The competence of ntractor should be established beforehand. a in accordance with applicable regional, laws and regulations.
	ocal legislation emarks			e in accordance with applicable regional, laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

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Rema	rks	for special preca	ons: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, utions which a user needs to be aware of or with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate

4259-15-8

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 Shell Tellus S2 MX 68

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NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.

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		LL50 = Lethal Lo MARPOL = Intern Pollution From SI NOEC/NOEL = N served Effect Lev OE_HPV = Occu PBT = Persistent PICCS = Philippi Substances PNEC = Predicte REACH = Regist Chemicals RID = Regulation gerous Goods by SKIN_DES = Ski STEL = Short ter TRA = Targeted TSCA = US Toxic	national Convention for the Prevention of hips lo Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- vel pational Exposure - High Production Volume , Bioaccumulative and Toxic ne Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ed No Effect Concentration ration Evaluation And Authorisation Of his Relating to International Carriage of Dan- r Rail n Designation m exposure limit Risk Assessment c Substances Control Act

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	04/30/2018

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN